

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please replace Paragraphs [0017], [0031] and [0032] with the following paragraphs rewritten in amendment format:

**[0017]** Figures 9A-[[9C]] 9D are cross-sectional side views of the miter locking mechanism and the miter detent override mechanism in accordance with the present invention showing the mechanisms in their various positions.

**[0031]** Detent override lever 94 is normally positioned as shown in Figure 9A. In this position, detent 98 is in engagement with one of the slots 54 to releasably hold table 44 at one of the more popular miter angles. When it is desired to reset support table 44 to a new miter angle, locking lever 72 of miter locking mechanism 66 is first moved to its released position as shown in Figure 9A or 9B 9D and the outer end of lever 94 is pushed downward to pivot lever 94 in a clockwise direction as shown in Figure [[9C]] 9D. Support table 44 can now be rotated until the desired miter angle is reached. At this point, detent override lever 94 can be released causing detent 98 to engage another detent slot 54 if it is desired to select one of the more popular miter angles defined by detent slots 54. Locking lever 72 of miter locking mechanism 66 is then moved to its locked position as shown in Figure 9C to secure table 44 with respect to base assembly 12.

**[0032]** When the desired miter angle is not one of the pre-selected miter angles defined by slots 54, the adjustment of table 44 is similar but different to that described above. With table 44 locked to base assembly 12 as shown in Figure 9C, when it is

desired to reset support table 44 to a new miter angle, locking lever 72 of miter locking mechanism 66 is first moved to its released position as shown in Figure 9A or 9B 9D and the outer end of lever 94 is pushed downward to pivot lever 94 in a clockwise direction as shown in Figure 9D. This clockwise rotation of lever 94 causes the inner end of lever 94 to lift detent spring 92 causing the disengagement of detent 98 with its respective slot as shown in Figure [[9C]] 9D. When the desired miter angle is reached, locking lever 72 of miter locking mechanism 66 is moved to its locked position as shown in Figure 9C to secure table 44 with respect to base assembly 12. Once locking lever 72 has been locked, lever 94 can be released. The release of lever 94 allows detent spring 92 to engage the upper surface of detent plate 48 as shown in Figure 9B because detent 98 is not aligned with one of slots 54. By keeping pressure on miter detent override lever 94 while engaging locking lever 72, detent 98 is kept away from detent plate 48 and slots 54. This allows the setting of a miter angle near one of the slots 54 (i.e.,  $44^\circ$  instead of  $45^\circ$ ) without having the biasing load of detent spring 92 reacting against detent plate 48 to urge table 44 to the desired angle.